4th World Congress on NEONATOLOGY AND PERINATOLOGY

December 09-10, 2019 | Barcelona, Spain

Procedural sedation at Sidra Medicine, Greenfield start lead by the emergency department team

Ibtihal Abdelgadir, Colin Powell, Gokul Erumbala, Lisabeth Goldsworthy, Berenice Traub, Barbra Blackie, Samir Deiratany and Khalid Al-Ansari

Sidra Medicine, Qatar

Introduction: Procedural sedation is a well-established process that can be safely delivered in the pediatric emergency departments (PED) for the management of minor injuries and procedures. It involves a drug induced alteration of consciousness during which minimal interventions are required to maintain a patent airway, spontaneous ventilation and cardiovascular function. Procedural sedation training and credentialing for all responsible staff started 6 months in advance of the June 2018 opening of a newly created department.

Method: Training: Physicians are required to complete the credentialing and privileging process defined by the hospital procedural sedation committee. This comprises: completion of the hospital procedural sedation course, which includes formative assessment of candidates managing simulated scenarios, holding and maintaining a current advanced pediatric life support course certificate and 10 observed sedations conducted with an experienced provider. Credentialing needs to be repeated every two years. Nursing staff also have to complete a training package.

Experience: Detailed records of department's procedural sedation cases between August 2018 and May 2019 have been reviewed using a standardized proforma. Process, complications and outcomes have been recorded.

Results: A total of 133 clinicians (41 physicians and 92 nurses) have successfully completed the course. Twenty five clinicians have fulfilled the privileging process and are now providing procedural sedation independently. A total of 62 nurses have completed their required competency assessment. A total of 815 patients have undergone procedural sedation over the 10 months. Indications for sedation were mainly for laceration repair, closed fracture reductions and abscess drainage. Four incidents occurred; an accidental ketamine overdose, laryngeal spasm, hypotension and vomiting. All were managed appropriately and no harm occurred.

Conclusion: The PED at Sidra Medicine has successfully launched a sedation training program and competency assessment process. It has now established a skilled team which provides safe procedural sedation.